Wanleibio

WL03189

Anti-GFP Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only.Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures

Product Information

Product name	Anti-GFP Rabbit pAb	
Source	Rabbit	
Species reactivity	Species independent	
Tested applications	WB	1:500-1:1000
Pack size	50/100/200/500/1000µl	
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.	
Storage buffer	Supplied in 20 mM phosphate (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu g/ml$	
	BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide	



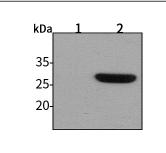
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Product Images



Western blot-Anti-GFP pAb

Lane 1: Human HepG2 cell lysate Lane 2: Human Hela cell(transfection with GFP plasmid) lysate All lanes: Anti-GFP at 1:1000 dilution Lysates/proteins at 20-50 µg per lane. Predicted band size: 27 kDa Observed band size: 27 kDa

General Information

Background	The green fluorescent protein (GFP) was originally identified as a protein involved in the bioluminescence of the jellyfish Aequorea victoria. GFP cDNA produces a fluorescent product when expressed in prokaryotic cells, without the need for exogenous substrates or cofactors, making GFP a useful tool for monitoring gene expression and protein localization in vivo. Several GFP mutants have been developed, including EGFP, which fluoresce more intensely than the wildtype GFP and have shifted excitation maxima, making them useful for FACS and fluorescence microscopy as well as double-labeling applications. GFP has become a very useful tool as a fusion protein that reports gene expression, traces cell lineages and defines subcellular protein localizations.
Immunogen	Polyclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide of GFP.
Purification	Polyclonal antibody was purified by immunogen affinity chromatography.