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WL03124

Anti-β-Gal Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only.Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures

Product Information

Product name	Anti-β-Gal Rabbit pAb	
Source	Rabbit	
Species reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Tested applications	WB	1:1000-1:2000
Cellularlocalization	Secreted and Cell membrane	
Pack size	50/100/200/500/1000µl	
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.	
Storage buffer	Supplied in 20 mM phosphate (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu g/ml$	
	BSA, 50% glycerol and less	than 0.02% sodium azide

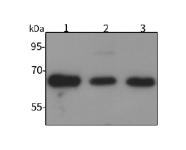
Product Datasheet

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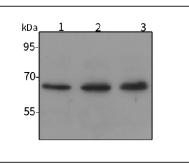
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Product Images



Western blot-Anti-β-Gal pAb

Lane 1: Human HepG2 cell lysate Lane 2: Human Hela cell lysate Lane 3: Human BGC-823 cell lysate All lanes: Anti-β-Gal at 1:1000 dilution Lysates/proteins at 20-50 µg per lane. Predicted band size: 76 kDa Observed band size: 67 kDa



Western blot-Anti-β-Gal pAb

Lane 1: Mouse liver tissue lysate Lane 2: Mouse heart tissue lysate Lane 3: Rat kidney tissue lysate All lanes: Anti-β-Gal at 1:1000 dilution Lysates/proteins at 20-50 µg per lane. Predicted band size: 76 kDa Observed band size: 67 kDa

General Information

Background	The human β-galactosidase gene, known as the LacZ gene, encodes a 677 amino acid protein with an optimum functional pH range of 6 to 8. Catalytically active β-galactosidases (β-Gal) is a tetramer of four identical subunits, each with an active site, which can independently catalyze the cleavage of terminal galactose. Monovalent cations have a stimulatory effect on the enzymatic reaction, which likely involves a galactosyl- enzyme complex intermediate. β-Gals are widespread in animals,
	microorganisms and plants.

Immunogen	Polyclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide of β -Gal.
Purification	Polyclonal antibody was purified by Protein A affinity chromatography.

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